LEGAL STATUS

DL Delisted.

Use DL to designate units that have been delisted, or units at which all hazardous waste ever handled by the unit have been delisted.

EM Emergency Permit. (Non-Core)

Use EM for units regulated by the provisions for emergency permits under section 270.61. An EM unit should remain in that legal status throughout the life of the unit, including closure.

IS Interim Status.

Use IS to designate units that gain interim status under the provisions of section 270.70. A unit that complies with those provisions is presumed to gain interim status upon receipt of the Part A.

IT Interim Status Terminated.

Use IT to designate units that have had interim status terminated under section 270.73(a) or (b). For example: An interim status unit for which a permit was denied for any reason including failure to submit a Part B in a timely manner or failure to submit a complete permit application.

LI Loss of Interim Status.

Use LI to designate units that have lost interim status for failure to comply with the requirements of section 270.73 (c) through (g).

LP Loss of Pre-Mod Authorization.

Use LP for loss of pre-mod authorization in cases where a unit with pre-mod authorization (PM) failed to comply with the appropriate requirements of section 270.42(g) for newly regulated units. For example: Failure to submit a permit modification application within regulatory timeframes, or failure to establish a groundwater monitoring system for a land disposal unit.

NN Non-notifier/Illegal.

Use NN to designate units that have operated illegally. For example: Units discovered to be operating without interim status, pre-mod authorization, or a permit, or units that applied for interim status or pre-mod authorization and failed to qualify, but operated.

NN should be used in these cases whether the unit is shut down or allowed to continue to operate under an order or interim status compliance letter.

NR Never Regulated as a TSD.

Use NR to designate the following: Protective filers, or processes which were filed in error, proposed new units that are withdrawn prior to permit issuance; where a Part A was submitted to obtain interim status or pre-mod authorization, the unit was found to be ineligible, but the unit never operated as a TSD (e.g., less-then-90-day-storage units, exempt recycling units, units which never managed hazardous waste, and units that never existed).

PC Post-Closure Permitted.

Use PC to designate a unit for which a post-closure permit has been issued. When a permit is issued during closure of the unit, the PC legal status should be used for units closing with waste in place, and PI used for units that will clean close.

PI Permitted.

Use PI when an operating permit has been issued to a unit. The legal status of the unit should remain PI until the permit expires and is not renewed, or the permit is terminated, or the permit is modified to address only post-closure care, or a post-closure permit is issued to a unit that is closing or has closed with waste in place

PM Pre-Mod Authorization.

Use PM to designate newly-regulated units at permitted facilities that are authorized to operate under section 270.42(g) while a permit modification application is pending. For example: A previously unregulated unit at a permitted facility that becomes regulated as a hazardous waste unit due to a new waste listing.

PR Proposed.

Use PR to designate a "new" unit for which the owner/operator is pursuing an operating permit where the unit is not constructed or, the unit has never been eligible for interim status or pre-mod authorization, and has never operated illegally.

PT Permit Terminated/Permit Expired, not Continued.

Use PT to designate units for which an operating (PI) or post-closure (PC) permit has been terminated under the authority of section 270.43, and units with permits that expire and are not continued in accordance with section 270.51, Permitted units for which the permit is renewed should retain the PI or PC legal status.

RD Research, Development, and Demonstration Permit.

Use RD for units regulated by the provisions for RD&D permits under section 270.65. An RD unit should remain in that legal status throughout the life of the unit (i.e., from application through closure).

RQ Requested but Not Approved.

Use RQ as a transitional status code for tracking increases in capacity of existing interim status units (section 270.72(a)(2)) or changes in the process (section 270.72(a)(3)), additional capacity at permitted units, or requests for temporary authorization.

RU Permit-by-Rule.

Use RU for units at which the only activities subject to RCRA permit requirements are processes regulated under section 270.60. An RU unit should remain in that legal status throughout the life of the unit, including closure. Examples: Ocean dumping (process code D82), UIC wells (D79), publicly-owned treatment works that receive RCRA-regulated hazardous waste.

SR State Regulated.

Use SR to designate units that are regulated only under broader or more stringent State standards, and are not subject to RCRA permit requirements.

TA Temporary Authorization.

Use TA to designate a new unit that has received temporary authorization under the authority of section 270.42(3) for installation and operation at a permitted facility.